PHILIPPGROUP

PHILIPP Compact anchor



PHILIPP Compact anchor

Transport and mounting systems for prefabricated building

■ Technical department							
	Our staff will be pleased to support your planning phase with suggestions for the installation and use of our transport and mounting systems for precast concrete construction.						
■ Special designs							
	Customized to your particular needs.						
■ Practical tests on site							
	We ensure that our concepts are tailored precisely to your requirements.						
■ Inspection reports							
	For documentation purposes and your safety.						
On-site service							
	Our engineers will be pleased to instruct your technicians and production personnel at your plant, to advise on the installation of precast concrete parts and to assist you in the optimisation of your production processes.						
■ High safety level when using our	products						
	Close cooperation with federal materials testing institutes (MTIs), and official approvals for the use of our products and solutions whenever necessary.						
■ Software solutions							
	The latest design software, animated videos and CAD libraries can always be found under www.philipp-gruppe.de.						
Engineering contact							
	Phone: +49 (0) 6021 / 40 27-318 Fax: +49 (0) 6021 / 40 27-340 E-mail: technik@philipp-gruppe.de						
Sales contact							
	Phone: +49 (0) 6021 / 40 27-300 Fax: +49 (0) 6021 / 40 27-340 E-mail: vertrieb@philipp-gruppe.de						









PHILIPPGROUP

Content

_	Der PHILIPP Compact Anchor	Page	4
	System description	Page	4
	■ EC Declaration of Conformity	Page	4
-	General notes / selection of anchor	Page	5
	Materials	Page	5
	■ Corrosion	Page	5
	■ Element thickness, centre and edge distances	Page	5
	Concrete strength	Page	5
	Selection guide for transport anchors	Page	5
-	Reinforcement	Page	6
	Minimum reinforcement	Page	6
	Single-layer reinforcement	Page	6
	■ Add. reinforcement for diagonal and lateral tension	Page	6
-	Permissible load bearing capacities and boundary conditions	Page	7
	■ For axial tension	Page	7
	For diagonal tension	Page	8
	■ For lateral tension	Page	9

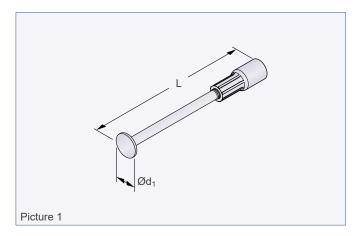


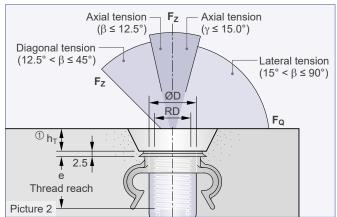






PHILIPP Compact anchor





The Compact anchor is used for the installations on the face side of beam-like elements and stairs. It is part of the PHILIPP Transport anchor system and complies with the VDI/BV-BS Guideline "Lifting inserts and lifting insert systems for precast concrete elements" (VDI/BV-BS 6205). The use of Compact anchors requires the compliance with this Installation Instruction as well as the General Installation Instruction. The Installation and Application Instructions for the belonging PHILIPP lifting devices (Lifting loop with threaded end, Lifting loop Plus, "Wirbelstar", "Lifty") as well as the Application Instruction of the belonging PHILIPP accessories (KHN system, WS system etc.) must be followed also.

The anchor may only be used in combination with the mentioned PHILIPP lifting devices. Compact anchors are designed for the transport of precast concrete units only. Multiple use within the transport chain (from production to installation of the unit) means no repeated usage. The Threaded transport anchor is not specified for a repeated usage (e.g. ballasts for cranes) or a permanent fixation.



The EC Declaration of Conformity (DoC) of the Compact anchor is available on request or can be downloaded from our website www.philipp-group.de.

Table 1: Dimensions										
Refno. ②	Туре			Dimensions			Weight			
galvanised		RD	ØD [mm]	L [mm]	e [mm]	Ød₁ [mm]	[kg/100 pcs.]			
67K120100	RD 12	12	15.0	100	22	20	6.0			
67K120150	ND 12	12	15.0	150	22	20	10.0			
67K140105	RD 14	14	18.0	105	25	25	10.0			
67K140155	KD 14	14	10.0	155	25	25	12.0			
67K160130	■ RD 16	16	21.0	130	27	25	14.0			
67K160175	IND 10	10	21.0	175	21	23	17.0			
67K180150	RD 18	18	24.0	150	34	35	29.0			
67K180225	ND 10	10	24.0	225	34	00	36.0			
67K200185	RD 20	20	27.0	185	35	35	34.0			
67K200250	IND 20	20	21.0	250	33	33	43.0			
67K240200	■ RD 24	24	31.0	200	43	35	42.0			
67K240275	IND 24	24	31.0	275	40	33	52.0			
67K300275	RD 30	30	39.5	275	56	50	105.0			
67K300350	IND 30	30	39.3	350	30	30	126.0			
67K360334	RD 36	36	47.0	334	68	60	184.0			
67K360450	IND 30	30	47.0	450	00	60	227.0			
67K420385	RD 42	42	54.0	385	75	70	273.0			
67K420500	11042	42	04.0	500	75	70	323.0			
67K520550	RD 52	52	67.0	550	100	85	567.0			
67K520700	J 11D 32	JZ	07.0	700	100	00	634.0			

① Mind the embedding depth h_T of the corresponding recess former (Picture 2).

② Also available in version stainless steel (Ref.-no. 75K_____VA).

General notes / selection of anchor

Materials

The Compact anchor consists of a round steel with foot and a crimped-on insert. The threaded inserts are made of special high precision steel tubes and are galvanised according to common standards.

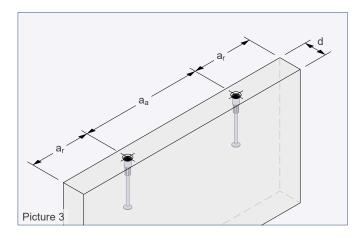
This galvanisation protects the anchor temporarily from the storage at the producer site to the final installation in the concrete element.

Corrosion

In order to avoid contamination or damage to the concrete surface of the precast concrete element due to corrosion of the transport anchor (stream of rust or similar), the insert can be delivered in stainless steel alternatively. Here the surface of the foot is protected by a special sealing against corrosion.

Element thicknesses, centre and edge distances

The installation and position of threaded transport anchors in precast concrete elements require minimum element dimensions and centre/edge distances for a safe load transfer.



Concrete strength

At the time of the first lift of the concrete unit the concrete strength must have a minimum f_{cc} according to the tables of the respective load case. Given concrete strengths f_{cc} are cube compressive strengths at the time of the first lifting.

Selection guide for transport anchors

Step 1:

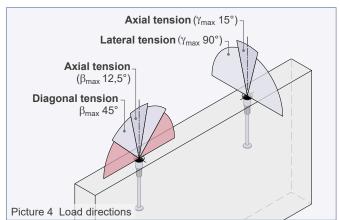
Table 2 shows the maximum possible threaded anchor sizes per element thickness as a function of the load case.

Table 2: Element thickness and max. anchor size for $f_{cc} \ge 15 \text{ N/mm}^2 / f_{cc} \ge 20 \text{ N/mm}^2$									
Element	Transport anchor [Type]								
thickness	Axial tension	Diagonal tension	Lateral tension						
d [mm]	βmax 12.5° $γmax$ 15°	β_{max} 45° γ_{max} 15°	β_{max} 45° γ_{max} 90°						
60	RD 12	-	-						
70	RD 14	RD 12	-						
80	RD 16	RD 16							
90	KD 16	RD 18	RD 16						
95	RD 18								
100			RD 18						
105	RD 20	RD 20							
110			RD 20						
120	RD 24	RD 24							
125	RD 30	ND 24	RD 24						
130	RD 36		ND 24						
140	RD 42	RD 30							
150			RD 30						
160		RD 42	KD 30						
200	RD 52		RD 36						
220		RD 52	RD 42						
280			RD 52						

Step 2:

Details of the load bearing capacities and boundary conditions as a function of the concrete compressive strength are given in the following tables:

Axial tension: Table 3 (15/20 N/mm²)
 Diagonal tension: Table 4 (15/20 N/mm²)
 Lateral tension: Table 5 (15/20 N/mm²)



On lateral tension the Compact anchors have only half of the capacity compared to axial loading. However, this is not a limitation as during tilt-up only half of the weight has to be lifted (please refer to the General Installation Instruction).

Reinforcement

Minimum reinforcement

In use of Compact anchors precast units must be reinforced with a minimum reinforcement. Depending on the load case this can differ and is specified in the tables of the respective load case. This minimum reinforcement can be replaced by a comparable steel bar reinforcement. The user is personally responsible for further transmission of load into the concrete unit.



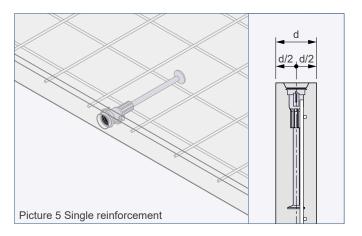
Existing static or constructive reinforcement can be taken into account for the minimum reinforcement of the respective load case.

Single-layer reinforcement

In order to ensure a central anchor position in the element, the mesh reinforcement has to be cut in this area (see Picture 5) in case of single-layer reinforcement.

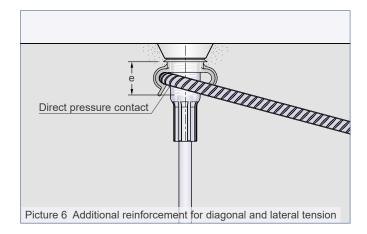
Add. reinforcement for diagonal and lateral tension

Additional reinforcement for diagonal and lateral tension has to be installed with pressure contact to the anchor insert. The position of the direct pressure contact must be within the thread reach e of the insert (see Picture 6). By using the Marking ring with clip (74KR__CLIP) this position is guaranteed.





The installation of a single-layer reinforcement requires for all subsequent loads (e.g. within a transport chain) the attention of the load directions.



Axial tension: Permissible load bearing capacities and boundary conditions

If the Compact anchor is used in axial load β_{max} 12.5° / γ_{max} > 15° an additional reinforcement according to Table 3 is required.

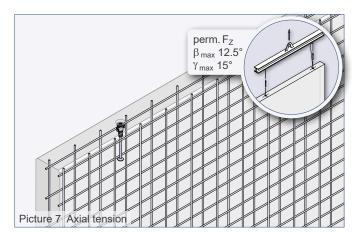


Table 3: Axial tension if f _{cc} ≥ 15 N/mm² / 20 N/mm²											
Load class	N	lin. element thicknes		β_{max} 12.5° / γ_{max} 15°							
	min. o	centre and edge dista	ances	allov	w. F _Z	Mesh					
					f _{cc} ≥ 20 N/mm ²	reinforcement (square)					
	d [mm]	a _a [mm]	a _r [mm]	[kN]	[kN]	[mm²/m]					
12	60	300	150	5.0	5.0	1 × #131					
14	70	400	200	8.0	8.0	1 × #131					
16	80	400	200	11.7	12.0	1 × #131					
18	95	500	250	16.0	16.0	2 × #188					
20	105	600	300	20.0	20.0	2 × #188					
24	120	600	300	25.0	25.0	2 × #188					
30	125	700	350	40.0	40.0	2 × #188					
36	130	800	400	62.8	63.0	2 × #188					
42	140	1000	500	80.0	80.0	2 × #188					
52	150	1200	600	125.0	125.0	2 × #188					

Diagonal tension: Permissible load bearing capacities and boundary conditions

If the Compact anchor is used under diagonal tension $\beta > 12.5^{\circ}$ an additional reinforcement according to Table 4 is required. Here the reinforcement for diagonal tension is placed contrarily to the tensile direction (Picture 8) and must have direct pressure contact to the anchor insert in the peak of its bending. The installation of the rebars for diagonal tension can be done in an anglke of 0° bis 20° to the concrete surface. If an installation angle of 0° is given the transport anchor has to be installed in a deeper position (e.g. By using a nailing plate) in order to reach the minimum required concrete covering.

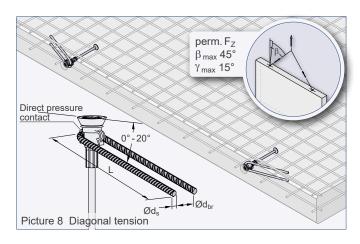
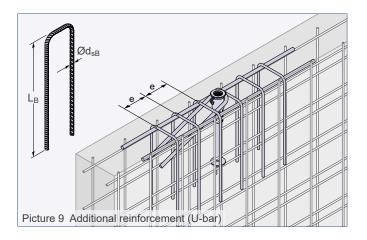


Table 4: Diagonal tension if f _{cc} ≥ 15 N/mm² / 20 N/mm²												
Load	Min. e	lement thickne	esses,	β _{max} 45° / γ _{max} 15°								
class	min	min. centre and edge			perm. F _Z Add. reinforcement							
		distances		f _{cc}	f _{cc}	Mesh	Add. reinforc	ement for dia	gonal tension			
				≥ 15 N/mm ²	≥ 20 N/mm ²	reinforcement		(B500A)				
	d [mm]	a _a [mm]	a _r [mm]	[kN]	[kN]	(square) [mm²/m]	Ød _s [mm]	L [mm]	Ød _{br} [mm]			
12	70	300	150	5.0	5.0	1 × #131	6	150	18			
14	80	400	200	8.0	8.0	1 × #188	8	200	24			
16	80	400	200	11.2	12.0	1 × #188	8	200	24			
18	90	500	250	16.0	16.0	1 × #188	10	250	30			
20	100	600	300	20.0	20.0	2 × #188	10	300	40			
24	120	600	300	25.0	25.0	2 × #188	10	300	40			
30 ③	130	700	350	40.0	40.0	2 × #257	12	350	48			
36 ③	160	800	400	63.0	63.0	2 × #257	14	400	56			
42 ③	160	1000	500	80.0	80.0	2 × #257	14	500	56			
52 ③	200	1200	600	125.0	125.0	2 × #257	20	600	86			

① For this unit thickness, additional reinforcement according to Table 4a is required

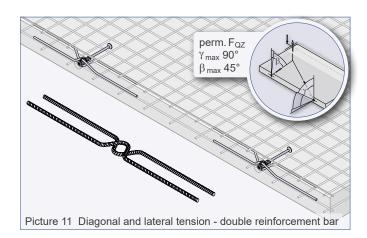
Table 4a: Additional reinforcement for diagonal tension											
Load class	reinfor	hwise cement 00A)	Stirrup in anchor area (B500A)								
	Ø	Length	Quantity	$\emptyset d_{sB}$	L _B	е					
	[mm]	[mm]	[pcs.]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]					
30	12	800	6	8	350	130					
36	12	800	6	8	400	150					
42	12	1000	6	8	500	150					
52	12	1200	6	10	600	150					

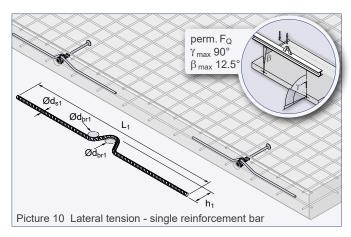


Lateral tension: Permissible load bearing capacities and boundary conditions

If an Compact anchor is loaded by lateral tension with an inclination of $\gamma > 15^{\circ}$ an additional reinforcement is required according Table 5 and 5a. The reinforcement for lateral tension can be done as a single reinforcement bar (Picture 10), double reinforcement bar (Picture 11) or reverse reinforcement bar for lateral tension (Picture 12). There must be direct pressure contact between the insert of the transport anchor and the reinforcement in the peak of the bending. The reinforcement for lateral tension is installed in the front side of the wall contrary to the load direction. Tilting of walls can cause diagonal and lateral tension at the same time (Picture 11 and 12). In this case only the reinforcement for lateral tension is required (reverse reinforcement bar or double reinforcement bar). The diagonal tension is already covered by using this reinforcement. During mounting the tilt-up or turn-over of a unit requires lateral reinforcement (single reinforcement bar according to Picture 10 or reverse reinforcement bar for lateral tension according to Picture 12).

The double reinforcement tail for lateral tension (Picture 11) covers standard lifting directions.





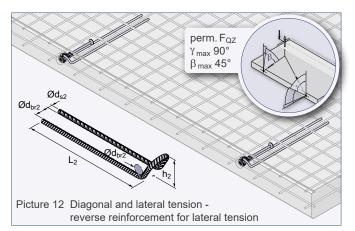


Table 5: Lateral tension if f _{cc} ≥ 15 N/mm² / 20 N/mm²															
Load Min. element thicknesses,				γ _{max} 90° / β _{max} 45° ④											
class		entre and	U	perm	ı. F _{QZ}	Add. reinforcement for lateral tension									
		distances	5	f _{cc}	f _{cc}	Mesh	Singl	e reinfo	rceme	nt bar	Rev	erse rei	inforce	ment	
				≥15 N/mm²	≥ 20 N/mm ²	reinforcement		(B50)0A)			(B500A)			
	d	a _a	a _r			(square)	$Ød_{s1}$	L_1	h ₁	$Ød_{br1}$	$Ød_{s2}$	L_2	h ₂	$Ød_{br2}$	
	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]	[mm²/m]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	
12	80	300	150	2.5	2.5	1 × #131	6	300	34	24	6	150	34	24	
14	80	400	200	3.6	4.0	1 × #188	8	400	39	32	8	200	39	32	
16	80	400	200	4.4	5.1	1 × #188	8	400	39	32	8	200	39	32	
18 ⑤	100	500	250	8.0	8.0	2 × #188	10	500	48	40	10	250	48	40	
20 ⑤	110	600	300	10.0	10.0	2 × #188	12	600	55	48	12	300	55	48	
24 ⑤	120	600	300	12.5	12.5	2 × #188	12	600	73	48	12	300	73	48	
30 ⑤	150	700	350	20.0	20.0	2 × #257	14	700	88	56	14	350	88	56	
36 ⑤	200	800	400	31.5	31.5	2 × #257	14	800	115	56	14	400	115	56	
42 ⑤	220	1000	500	40.0	40.0	2 × #257	16	1000	123	64	16	500	123	64	
52 ⑤	280	1200	600	60.3	62.5	2 × #257	20	1200	170	140	20	600	170	140	

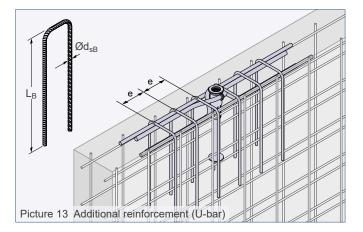
 $[\]textcircled{4}$ For the reinforcement "single reinforcement bar" (picture 10) only F_Q (β_{max} 12.5°) is permissible!

⑤ For this unit thickness, additional reinforcement according to Table 5 is required

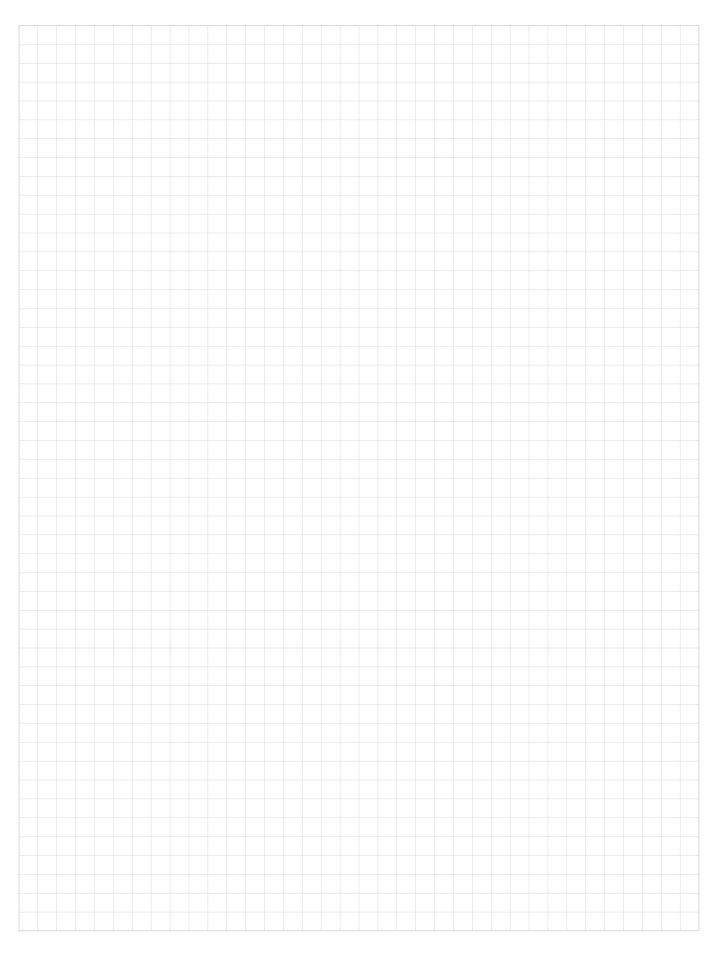
PHILIPP Compact anchor

Lateral tension: Permissible load bearing capacities and boundary conditions

Table 5a: Additional reinforcement for lateral tension										
Load class	Longit reinford (B50		Stirrup in anchor area (B500A)							
	Ø [mm]	Length [mm]	3 35 5							
	[mm]		[pcs.]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]				
18	10	500	4	6	250	150				
20	12 600		4	8	300	150				
24	12	600	4	8	300	150				
30	16	700	6	8	350	130				
36	16	800	6	8	400	150				
42	16	1000	8	8	500	130				
52	20	1200	8	10	600	150				



Notes:



Our customers trust us to deliver.

We do everything in our power to reward their faith and we start each day intending to do better than the last. We provide strength and stability in an ever-changing world. We provide it support.

Welcome to the PHILIPP Group



PHILIPP GmbH Lilienthalstrasse 7-9 D-63741 Aschaffenburg Phone: +49(0)6021/4027-0 Fax: +49(0)6021/4027-440 info@philipp-group.de

24 hours hydraulic service + 49 (0) 6021 / 40 27-500

PHILIPP GmbH

Roßlauer Strasse 70 D-06869 Coswig/Anhalt Fax: +49(0)34903/694-20 info@philipp-group.de

24 hours hydraulic service + 49 (0) 6021 / 40 27-500

PHILIPP GmbH

Sperberweg 37 D-41468 Neuss Phone: +49(0)34903/694-0 Phone: +49(0)2131/35918-0 Phone: +49(0)39422/9568-0 Fax: +49(0)2131/35918-10 info@philipp-group.de

> 24 hours hydraulic service +49 (0) 2131/59 18-333

PHILIPP ACON Hydraulik GmbH

Hinter dem grünen Jäger 3 D-38836 Dardesheim Fax: +49(0)39422/9568-29 info@philipp-group.de

PHILIPP Vertriebs GmbH Leogangerstraße 21 A-5760 Saalfelden / Salzburg Phone +43 (0) 6582/7 04 01 Fax +43(0)6582/7040120

info@philipp-gruppe.at